#### **Exposing Data as a Service in the Army Enterprise**

ABSTRA	CT				
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DoD directives have been urging adoption of a Net-Centric approach toward information sharing, which makes it necessary to streamline the way data is provided by various organizations within the Army and beyond. This submission addresses that need by looking at how Army organizations can leverage Service Oriented Architecture (SOA) to deliver data to the enterprise, in accordance with the Army Net-Centric Data Strategy. The briefing will address the Data Service capabilities of the Army Net-Centric Data Strategy Center of Excellence. In particular the value of the Army Data Service Interface Specifications which were developed to provide standardized methods for data exposure, data discovery, access, retrieval, and transformations will be discussed, in addition to how and why this methodology of information sharing is pivotal to the success of Net-Centricity.

#### BIOGRAPHY-----

Michelle Dirner

Acting Branch Chief, Message and Protocol Data Engineering Branch Army Net-Centric Data Strategy (ANCDS) Center of Excellence (CoE)

Mrs. Michelle Dirner is the lead for Data Services team under the Army Net-Centric Data Strategy Center of Excellence charted by The Office of the Army Chief Information Officer (CIO/G6). In this position she is tasked to provide the Data Strategy for the Army Service Oriented Architecture (SOA) initiatives in alignment with the Army Net-Centric Data Strategy (ANCDS) through the implementation of data services, data products, and pilots.

Mrs. Dirner received a BS Degree in Computer Science from Rutgers University - New Brunswick, NJ in 2002 and a MS Degree in Software Engineering from Monmouth University, NJ in 2005.

#### Laurie Kraus

Data Services Team Lead Army Net-Centric Data Strategy (ANCDS) Center of Excellence (CoE)

Laurie Kraus is a member of the Army Net-Centric Data Strategy Center of Excellence and is the Data Services team lead, responsible for defining data services standards, as well as providing tools and support to promote adoption within the Army Enterprise. She is a Computer Scientist in the Research Development and Engineering



Command, Communications-Electronics Research, Development and Engineering Center (RDECOM CERDEC), Software Engineering Directorate (SED) in support of the Software Engineering Center (SEC) and CIO/G6, at Fort Monmouth, New Jersey.

Laurie began her career at Bell Laboratories, and was a Technical Manager in Research and Development at AT&T, Lucent Technologies, and Avaya for many years. Most recently she led a large project aimed at migrating enterprise System Management software to a Services Oriented Architecture and a common data model.

Laurie received a Masters of Science degree from Princeton University in Computer Science and a Bachelors degree from Rutgers University, majoring in Computer Science.

# Exposing Data as a Service in the Army Enterprise

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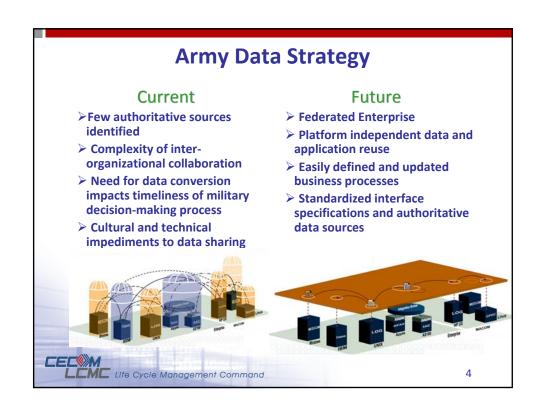
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# **Agenda**

- Department of Defense (DoD) Data Strategy Vision
- Army Data Strategy
- Army Data Strategy Center of Excellence
- Data and Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA) Together
- Army Data Service Layer (ADSL)
- ADSL Service Interface Specifications Overview
- Summary



#### **DoD Data Strategy Vision Future** Current > Authorized known and ➤ Pre-determined "point to unanticipated consumers access point" connections between data they need regardless of who systems and applications on produced the information disparate networks > Systems and applications are Producer "pushes" web-enabled to expose their information to pre-defined information consumers Information Ubiquitous on the Net Information not easily shared Life Cycle Management Command 3



#### Army Net-Centric Data Strategy Center of Excellence Mission

Function as the center of development, adoption and implementation efforts of the Army's Net-Centric Data evolution. ANCDS expertise will be available to all Army Mission Areas, Domains and Communities of Interest (COIs) in support of all Data Strategy activities and interactions with Joint and combined DoD Net-Centric forums.

Responsible for the migration of Current Force System messaging standards to align and interoperate with Net-Centric Data Strategy standards and facilitate the development/implementation of bridging mechanisms necessary to connect Current and Future Force Systems during the migration period.

Ensures that the Army's Net-Centric Data Strategy supports the Service-Oriented Architecture approach.

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# Army Net-Centric Data Strategy Center of Excellence Data Services Team

- Mission
  - To enable the Army Net-Centric Data Strategy through the implementation of data services, data products, and pilots.
- Objectives
  - Develop and maintain an Army Data Services Framework
  - Develop enterprise data service capabilities
  - Provide guidance and demonstrations for exposing data that can be consumed and understood
  - Provide governance in the development and maintenance of data service capabilities among data providers and consumers
  - Provide Data Support to the Army Enterprise Service-Oriented Architecture.

- Major Initiatives
  - Army Data Services
    Architecture
  - Army Data Services Layer
     Service Interface
     Specifications
  - Data Management Strategies for the Army Data Framework
  - Semantic Data Mediation
  - Schema Repository
  - Virtual Data Integration -Data Abstraction
  - Command & Control (C2) Data Services Pilot

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# **Data and SOA Strategy**



#### Two Complementary Strategies to Achieve Net Centricity

**Data Strategy:** Prescribes the approach for identifying the data to be shared, where that data can be found (authoritative data sources) and standard representations for sharing that data.

**SOA Strategy:** Prescribes the approach for identifying and specifying broadly useful services, designing the services environment, and providing a common framework and mechanism for sharing data across heterogeneous environments.

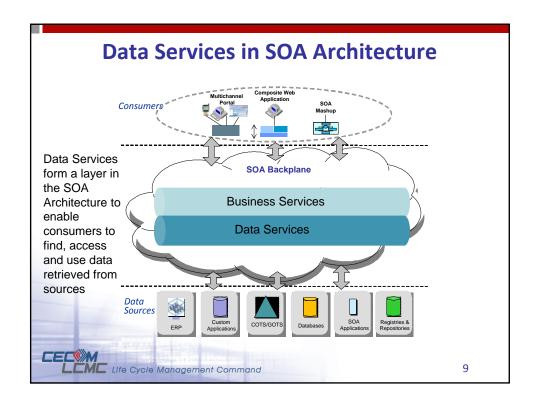
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#### What Are Data Services?

- A Data Service is a type of web service, optimized for the realtime data integration demands of SOA.
- Data Services enable distributed discovery, access, and consumption of data across platforms and organizations, regardless of where the data resides, data type, and/or technical implementation.
- Data Services:
  - Decouple physical and logical locations and avoid unnecessary data replication.
  - Abstract physical data structures and syntax into a common view.
  - Federate disparate data into useful composites.
  - Support data integration across both SOA and non-SOA applications.

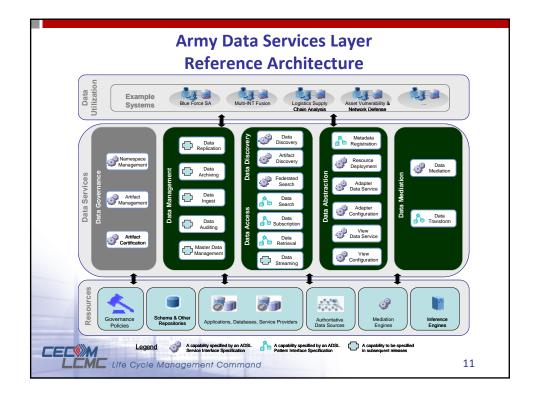




#### The Army Data Services Layer (ADSL)

- ➤ ADSL is a conceptual layer within a SOA construct for enabling data access and exposure.
- ➤ To realize this layer, a set of data service capabilities needs to be developed and deployed by data providers and consumers within an Army SOA infrastructure.
  - The ANCDS CoE is developing the framework, tools, and governance to guide in the development and maintenance of these capabilities among data providers and consumers.
- The ADSL construct includes a set of pattern-based service interface specifications that:
  - Provides standardized interfaces, similar to APIs, for common data service operations (e.g., search and retrieve)
  - Guides programs of record in the Army enterprise in the creation of reusable standards-based data services





# **ADSL Service Interface Specifications**

- A Service Interface Specification is essentially a collection of operations that may be called by a consumer. Each operation consists of a Request and a Response.
  - Most Service operations are "inherited" from Pattern specifications used by the service.
  - The operations for a service implementation interface are explicitly defined in WSDLs.
- ADSL builds upon and extends the IC DoD Data Services Reference Architecture (DSRA).
- ADSL is an outgrowth of DoD Net-Centric Enterprise Services (NCES) initiatives.
- ADSL Specifications available on soa.army.mil
- ADSL Architecture available on data.army.mil

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# **Service Specification Structure: Patterns**

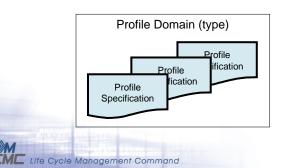
- A Pattern Interface Specification specifies a finegrained component functionality that is intended to be reused (or instantiated) in one or more Services.
- A Service Interface Specification may be comprised of operations from any number of Patterns.
- A Pattern may be viewed as a "mini-Service" or a "partial Service" in that could be implemented as a small, standalone service.



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## **Service Specification Structure: Profiles**

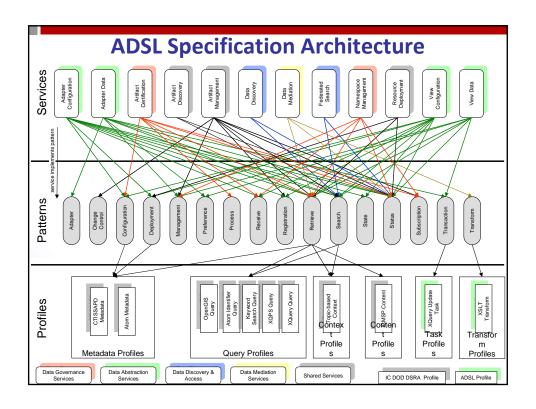
- A profile is a standardized format to represent input request data (realized as an XML fragment in a SOAP message).
- Individual profile types are grouped into profile domains (i.e., categories).
- Use of profiles keeps the ADSL WSDL contracts agnostic to implementation-specific details.



# **Service Specification Structure: Profiles**

- Different profiles from the same domain can be "plugged into" a service request (or a service response) without affecting the high-level behavior of the service operation.
- A particular service implementation may support some profiles but not others.
- New profiles can be added as new technologies and requirements are encountered without affecting existing operations.

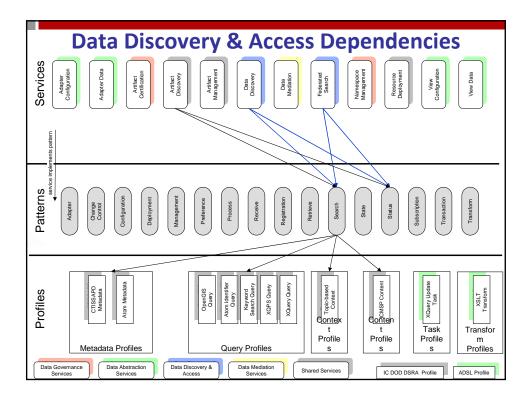
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# **Data Discovery & Access**

- The Data Discovery and Access is a family of services that define common interfaces to search and retrieve data across the enterprise.
- Patterns
  - Search
  - Status
  - Receive
  - Services
    - Federated Search
    - Artifact Discovery
    - Data Discovery





#### **Data Abstraction**

- The Data Abstraction layer is a family of services that accesses and integrates physical data regardless of how the data is structured or where the data resides (e.g., multiple repositories).
  - Services
    - Adapter Data
    - View Data
    - Adapter Configuration Deployment
    - View Configuration
    - Resource Deployment
- Patterns
  - Adapter
  - Configuration

  - Management (see Data Governance)
  - Preference
  - Receive (see Data Discovery & Access)
  - Registration (see Data Governance)
  - Retrieve
  - Search (see Data Discovery & Access)
  - State
  - Status (see Data Discovery & Access)
  - Transaction

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#### **Data Mediation**

- Data Mediation is a family of services that enables a consumer to understand data from other web services and to produce a coherent set of information, by making use of certain transformations, or inferences, or simple semantic mappings and validation.
  - Patterns
    - Retrieve (see Data Abstraction)
    - Search (see Data Discovery & Access)
    - Transform
  - Services
    - Data Mediation



### **Data Management**

- Data Management:
  - is a family of services that directly manage data within an organization or business, treating it as a valuable enterprise resource.
  - is designed to ensure and maintain the quality of the data through the use of the available technology and resources over the lifetime of the data.
  - encompasses architectures, policies, practices and procedures that enables sound data management through full data lifecycle needs of an enterprise.
- Data Management provides services for control of local data sources, such as archive, ingest, backup, replication, auditing, reference data management.
- ADSL Specifications still need to be defined for this family of services.



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#### **Data Governance**

- Data Governance is a family of services that captures and enables policies and practices that affect the overall management of the availability, usability, integrity, and security of the data employed in an enterprise. This serivce family is implemented by the Army Schema Repository.
  - Services
    - Artifact Management
    - Artifact Certification
    - Namespace Management
- Patterns
  - Change Control
  - Configuration (see Data Abstraction)
  - Management
  - Process
  - Receive (see Data Discovery & Access)
  - Registration
  - Retrieve (see Data Abstraction)
  - Search (see Data Discovery & Access)
  - Status (see Data Discovery & Access)
  - Subscription

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# **Purpose of Army Schema Repository**

- The Army Schema Repository will facilitate governance and allow organizations to enable, automate, and enforce ANCDS policies and processes by:
  - Providing visibility and accessibility through a shared data space for development and governance of XML data products and associated documentation
  - Ensuring XML data products are understandable and trusted by validating against standards, policies, compliance criteria and best practices
  - Supporting reuse of XML data products by providing search, view, and retrieval data service capabilities for existing and approved XML data products.
  - Institutionalizing and facilitating the Mission Area, Domain, COI processes through automation of life cycle and configuration management for the XML data products.

Promotes reuse, automation and collaboration thus reducing time and cost.



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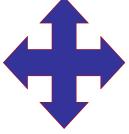
# **Army Data Services Value Proposition**

#### **Army Enterprise**:

- ✓ Better, more timely information to support strategic decision making
- ✓ Governance/Standards
- ✓ Reduce Total Cost of Ownership
- ✓ Supports DoD Net Centric Goals

#### **Producers:**

- ✓ enables exposure and access to data faster and more efficiently
- ✓ greater ROI due to familiarity and reuse
- ✓ enables support for unanticipated consumers costeffectively



#### Consumers:

- ✓ enables faster access and use of required data
- ✓ greater ROI due to familiarity and reuse
- ✓ allows faster aggregation using common specifications
- ✓ enables discovery, access and use of new data to meet unanticipated needs

#### **End Users**:

- √ More relevant information
- √ More timely information
- √ Better decision making

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# **Summary**

- The ADSL capabilities allow for the implementation of the Army Net-Centric Data Strategy.
- The ADSL Reference Architecture provides the background, model and approach to architecting and implementing a SOA based data services layer to Program Managers and their technical teams.
- The ADSL Service Interface Specifications can be used by service providers and consumers to standardize implementation and use of data services.
- Future iterations of the ADSL Service Interface Specifications will need to be developed based on key learnings, input from other organizations, and ongoing pilots.

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## **Service Interface Specifications Package**

- The service interface specifications package consists of the following documentation:
  - Overview
  - 12 Service WSDLs
  - 16 Patterns WSDLs
  - 2 Profiles\*
  - 21 Schemas
  - References
  - Glossary

ADSL specifications reuse the Intelligence Community Department of Defense (IC DoD) Life Cycle Management Command

# **ADSL Origins and Dependencies**

ADSL depends on the following organizations and standards:

- NCES Department of Defense (DoD) Net-Centric Enterprise Services (NCES) has established Web service security and other standards and solutions across DoD
- ANCDS the Army Net-Centric Data Strategy (ANCDS) Center of Excellence (CoE) facilitates the execution of the Army's Net Centric Data Strategy and provide users with common and overarching data products and services to promote interoperability and faster access, retrieval, analysis and utilization of data.
- AE SOAF The Army Enterprise SOA Foundation Army (AE SOAF) has defined a set of infrastructure services within the Army enterprise that is compliant and interoperable with NCES standards. These infrastructure capabilities include Service Discovery, Security, Messaging, and Governance. AE SOAF also provides the necessary infrastructure for the ADSL use cases.
- NSC/APC ADSL will be instantiated at the APCs together with AE SOAF and will utilize NSC capabilities.
- W3C The World Wide Web Consortium develops interoperable technologies (specifications, guidelines, software, and tools) to lead the Web to its full potential. The specifications used by ADSL include XQuery, XPath, XSLT, XML Schema, WSDL, SOAP, etc.

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#### **ADSL Service Families**

- Data Discovery and Access includes services that define interfaces to search and
  retrieve data across the enterprise. These services can support federated queries,
  aggregation of search results, and event-driven paradigms such as
  publish/subscribe.
- Data Mediation enables a consumer to understand data from other web services and to produce a coherent set of information, by making use of certain transformations, inferences, or semantic mappings and validation.
- Data Abstraction includes services that access and integrate physical data regardless of how the data is structured or where the data resides (e.g., multiple repositories). Data Abstraction promotes the decoupling of information from data, the ability to create virtually structured data, and the creation of a central point to manage changes in data.
- Data Governance captures and governs data resources to institutionalize them.
   The Schema Repository implements some of these services.
- Data Management provides the persistence and stewardship of data resources.

